Convergence Design in association with Pidgeon Ward & Outerspace



Seaford Wetlands Rejuvenation Project – Draft Signage and Facilities Upgrade Plan

Frankston City Counc January 2023



Acknowledgment of Country

Convergence Design, Pidgeon Ward and Outerspace Landscape Architects acknowledge the Traditional Owners of the land, the Bunurong peoples of the Kulin Nation and pay our respect to their Elders, past, present and emerging.



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Version	Date	Issued for	То
V1	11.10.22	Review	Frankston City Council
V2	24.10.22	Review	Seaford Wetlands Steering Committee
V3	28.10.22	Review	Melbourne Water and Frankston City Council
V4	9.01.23	Review	Frankston City Council
V5	27.01.23	For Distribution	Frankston City Council

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4.4 North Node, Northern Gathering Place

- Existing Conditions Signage & Furniture



1.0 Background





1.1 The Project

Seaford Wetlands is a precious community asset with significant ecology, cultural history and recreation. With over 100 species of birds, the Wetlands are renown as a habitat for birdlife, including rare and endangered migratory birds. Once part of the extensive Carrum Carrum Swamp, the 158-hectare site is one of the largest natural Wetlands in Port Phillip and Western Port Basins.

Seaford Wetlands is named in the Boon Wurrung language as 'Lowyeeung' and has unique cultural heritage values to the Traditional Owners of the land, the Bunurong People. A self-guided biocultural trail will complete a loop around the Wetlands and rejuvenate significant cultural knowledge and practices identified by Bunurong Elders.

This Project has assessed existing conditions, plans, strategies and constraints to develop a plan for the upgrade of wayfinding and interpretive signage, infrastructure and facilities around the Wetlands. The planned upgrade will support the biocultural trail, enhance engagement, appreciation and understanding of the Seaford Wetlands and increase amenity.

The draft Upgrade Plan prioritises the installation of new wayfinding and interpretive signage and proposes the development or upgrade of three nodes around the trail. Prioritisation of these nodes will be further considered following engagement with the community in February 2023.

BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS

Edithvale-Seaford Wetlands Ramsar Site Management Plan 2016

Down's Estate Management Plan, Seaford, Victoria

BLCAC Seaford Cultural Values

Frankston City Open Space Strategy 2016-2036

Draft Frankston Signage Style Guide

Seaford Wetlands Rejuvenation Project **Engagement Report**

Frankston Integrated Transport Strategy

Frankston City Active Leisure Strategy 2021-2029

CONSULTATION

Bunurong Land Council Aboriginal Corporation

Patterson River Secondary College

Birdlife Australia

Melbourne Water

Down's Estate

Friends of Edithvale and Seaford Wetlands

Frankston Council Revegetation team

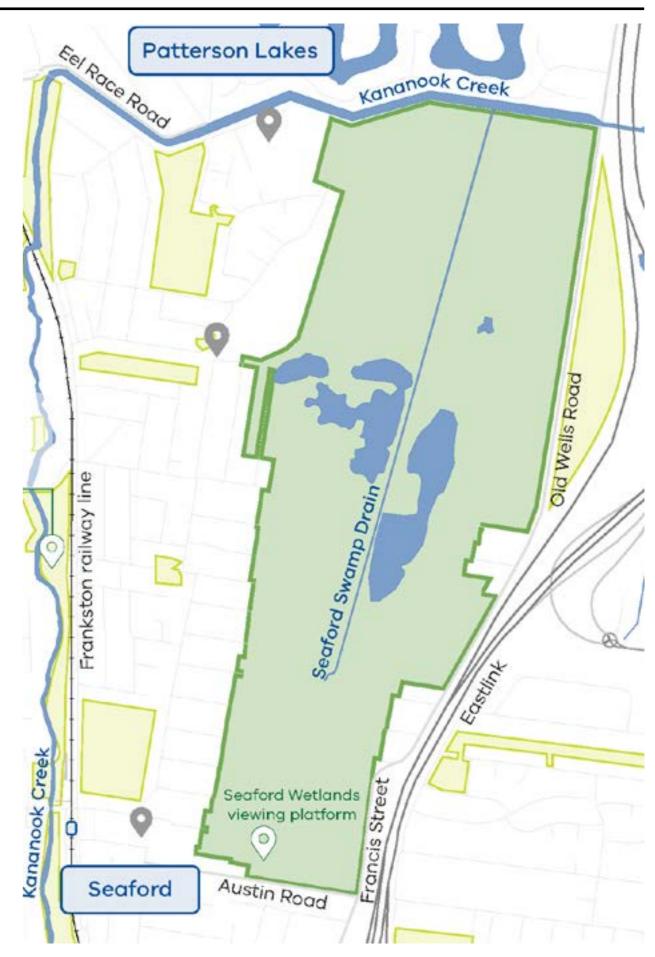
Frankston Council Urban Design team

Department of Energy, Environment and Climate Action (DEECA)

Seaford Wetlands Steering Group



Source: Ecology Australia, Edithvale-Seaford Wetlands Ramsar Site Management Plan





1.2 Scope

This plan incorporates infrastructure to support interpretation of the biocultural trail, identification and directional signage. It will encourage active and passive recreation through:

- Alignment of the proposed ecological and cultural trail (biocultural trail).
- A legible hierarchy of path networks
- Support for the Peninsula Link and local bike trails
- Designated dog walking areas
- Additional, varied seating and amenities
- Interpretive infrastructure that is responsive to unique site attributes

- Opportunities for formal and informal education groups to meet to better understand the ecological and cultural significance of the Wetlands precinct
- Physical signage and digital interpretation .



Site Photo: Existing boundaries appear as back of house.

SUP alignment with little relationship to the Wetlands.

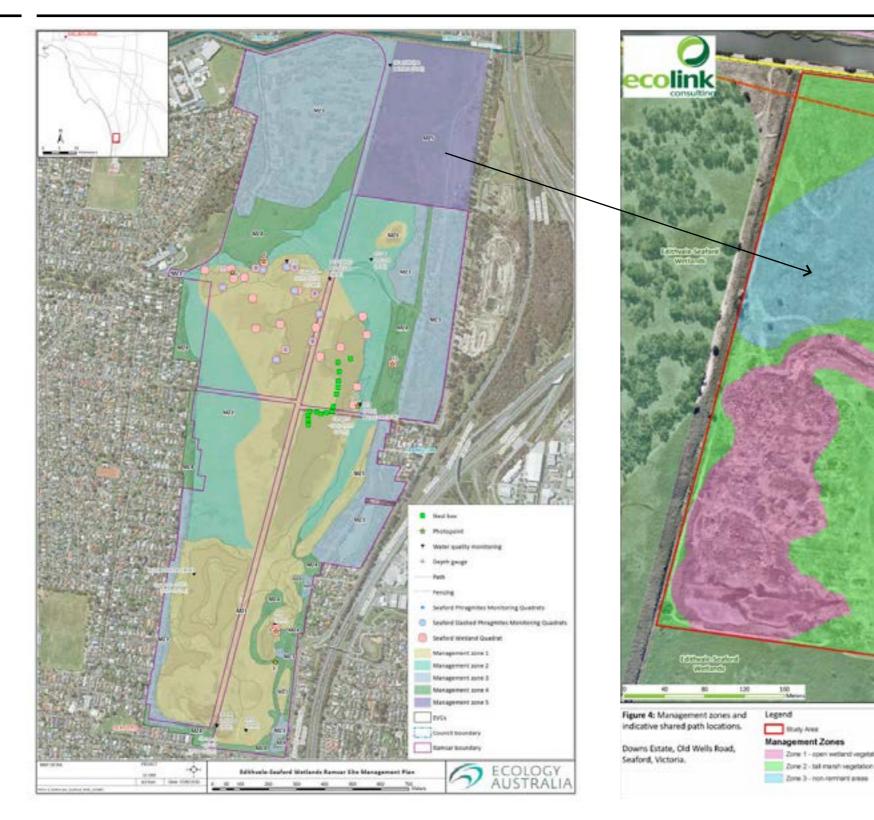


Lonely picnic setting without a view of the Wetlands.



1.3 The Site

This Upgrade Plan has been developed for the Seaford Wetlands, including areas managed by the Frankston City Council and Melbourne Water. It primarily focuses on the perimeter of the Ramsar designated area and the public open space between the ecological management zones and residential and other public infrastructure, including the Down's Estate area.





Shared path options Profemed totation ---- Atternative location

Zone 2 - tail manufi vegetation Zone 3 - non-remnant areas



1.4 **Ramsar** Convention

EDITHVALE-SEAFORD RAMSAR WETLANDS

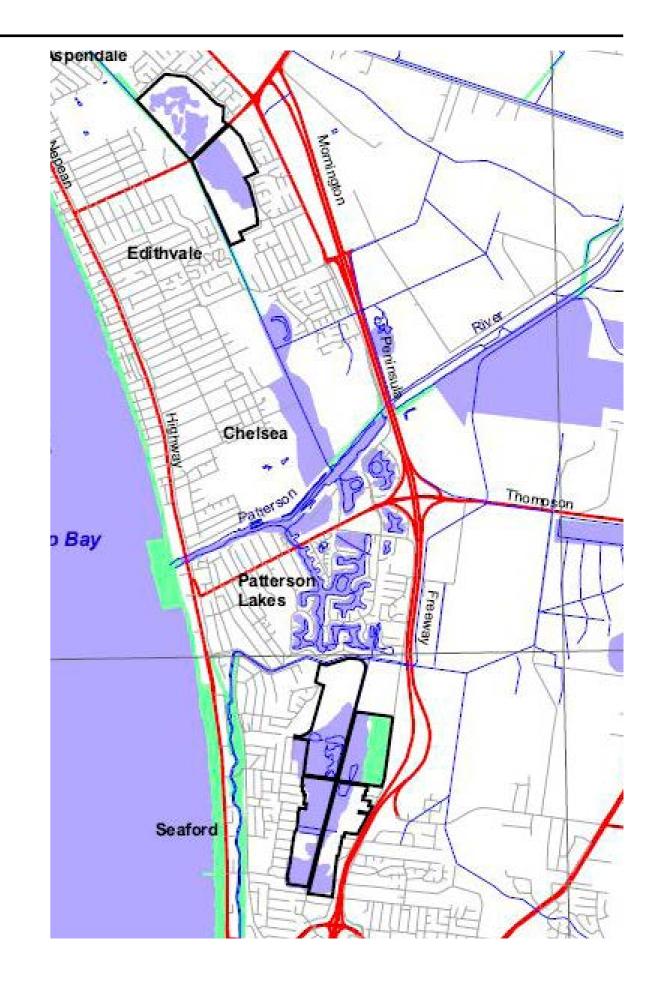
The Edithvale-Seaford Wetlands are the last remnants of the once extensive Carrum Carrum Swamp and support very rich biodiversity including bird species and populations of international importance. They comprise two separate Wetlands: Edithvale (103 ha) and Seaford (158 ha). Both are similar in morphology and ecological characteristics and both have been subject to an extensive program of rehabilitation and active hydrological management by Melbourne Water. They are of great significance as examples of the cost-effective management of Wetlands in an urban setting to provide conservation benefits, manage stormwater, and for environmental research and education.

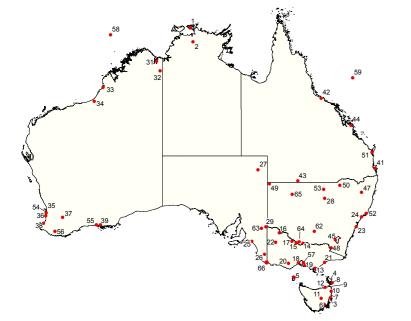
In August 2001 the Edithvale-Seaford Wetlands were included on the Ramsar List.

THE CONVENTION ON WETLANDS OF INTERNATIONAL IMPORTANCE (THE RAMSAR CONVENTION)

The Convention on Wetlands of International Importance (the Ramsar Convention) was signed in Ramsar, Iran on 2 February 1971. The Ramsar Convention aims to halt the worldwide loss of Wetlands and to conserve, through wise use and management, those that remain. The Convention encourages member countries to nominate sites containing representative, rare or unique Wetlands, or that are important for conserving biological diversity, to the List of Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar List). Australia was one of the first countries to become a Contracting Party to the Convention and designated the world's first Ramsar site, Cobourg Peninsula, in 1974.

Australia's 65 Ramsar sites cover more than 8.3 million hectares, forming an impressive estate of diverse wetland types; freshwater and marine; permanent and ephemeral; in every climatic zone.





Key Ramsar sile rains /streame fain road Minor road Wetlands Crown Land



1.5 Edithvale-Seaford Ramsar Management Plan

The Edithvale - Seaford Ramsar Management Plan identifies ecological management zones for the Seaford Wetlands site, most pertinently in the analysis of vegetation class, and subsequent proposition for revegetation.



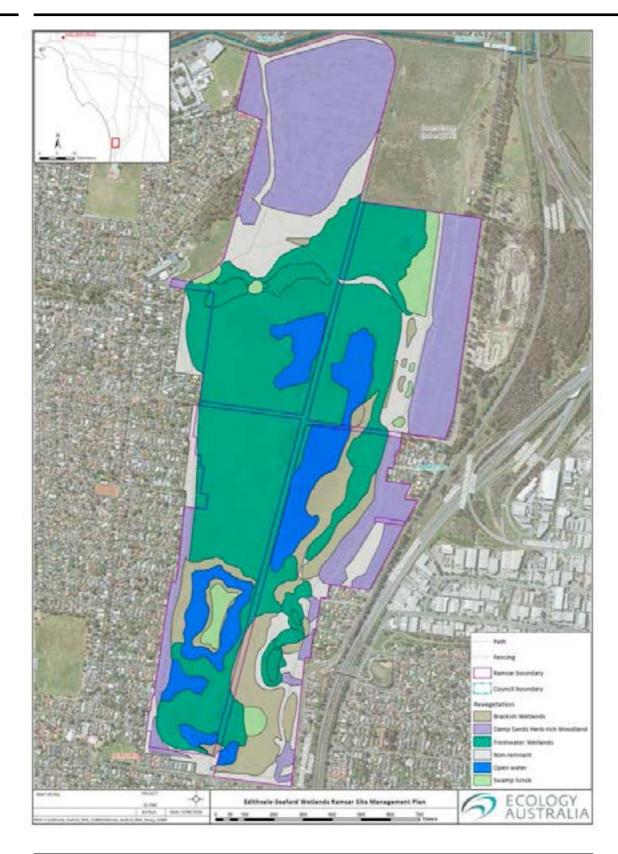
Management Zones

Ecological Vegetation Class





1.5 Edithvale-Seaford Ramsar Management Plan cont.

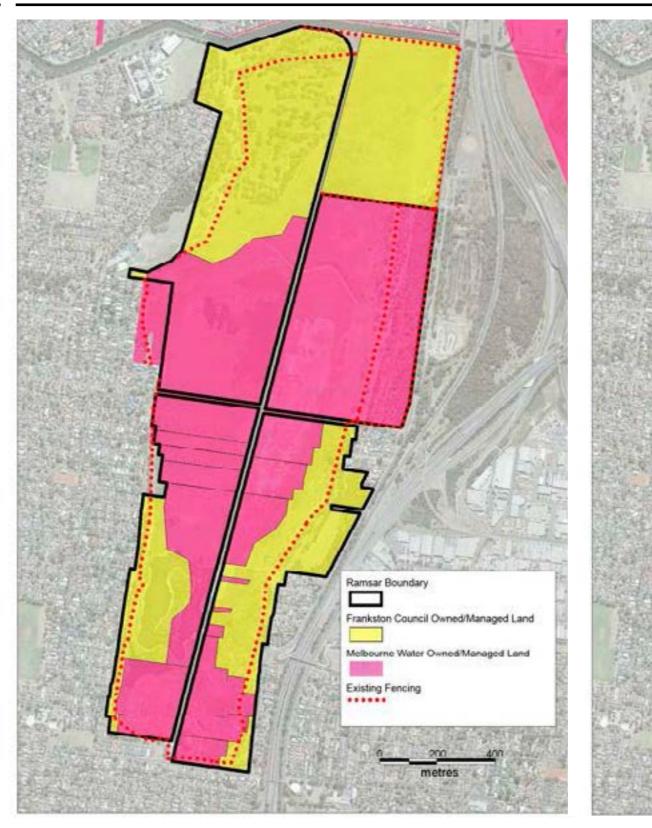


Revegetation



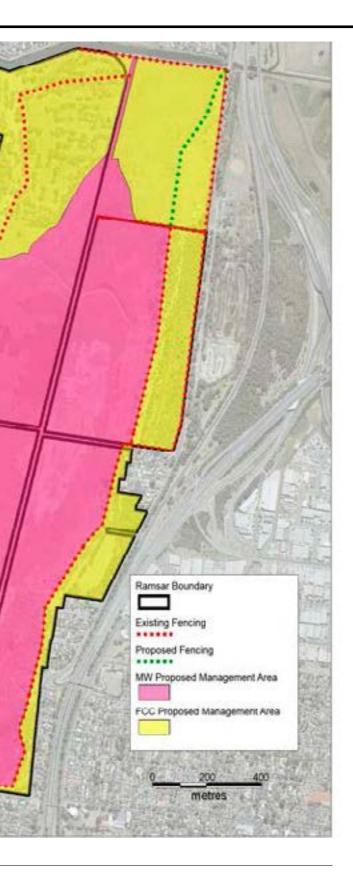
1.5 Edithvale-Seaford Ramsar Management Plan cont.

The management plan rationalises and consolidates management of the Wetlands, prepares for future integration of the Down's' Estate with the Wetlands and improves protection of the Wetlands through additional fencing.



Management Zones

Proposed Management Zones





1.6 Down's Estate Management Plan

This document informs Frankston Council's management of the Down's Estate. It identifies the long term potential incorporation into the Edithvale-Seaford Wetland Ramsar site. The management plan identifies areas for continued community use and encourages the natural regeneration of the Down's Estate to a mosaic of wetland communities, and surrounding terrestrial vegetation communities.

This diverse and changing ecological environment incorporates a number of management zones. The planned protection of existing key ecological values of the site, and promotion of recovery of other significant ecological values offer great opportunity for public engagement and presentation of the care and management required of those values that are likely to occur, have started to emerge, or are found in the nearby landscape.





Study Area Management Zones Downs Estate, Old Wells Road,

Shared path options Preferred location

Zone 1 - open wetland veget Alternative location Zone 2 - tall marsh vegetation Zone 3 - non-remnant areas





1.7 **BLCAC Cultural Mapping**

The Bunurong Land Council Aboriginal Corporation (BLCAC) Cultural Mapping: Seaford Wetlands document identifies Aboriginal Cultural Values and biocultural knowledge relevant to the area known as Lowyeeung and specifically the Seaford Wetlands. The document contains a statement of Lowyeung's significance and a framework for interpretation of significant themes. This Upgrade Plan proposes the adoption of the BLCAC thematic framework for the development of ecological and cultural interpretation at the Wetlands.



A Bunurong Values Reference Group meeting at Seaford Wetlands - BLCAC Cultural Mapping: Seaford Wetlands, September 2021



1.8 Frankston Open Space Stategy

This strategy reflects the diversity of Frankston's community, identifying open space opportunities and challenges that support both a city wide and neighbourhood approach to future open space planning.

The Frankston City Open Space Strategy 2016-2036 is comprised of three main documents outlined below.

PART 1

Open Space Framework that sets out the vision, purpose, classifications and definitions for the whole city over the next 20 years.

PART 2

Open Space Neighbourhood Opportunities that identifies and aligns the community needs analysis with existing and future desired outcomes for public open space for the whole city and its nine neighbourhoods.

PART 3

Open Space Implementation Plan that sets out the priority actions for the city.

The development of this Upgrade Plan is a recognised action from the Open Space Strategy which recommends development of a Cultural Trail Plan and staged upgrade program for signage, wayfinding, paths, planting, seating and interpretation support an awareness of local history, art, Aboriginal heritage, vegetation management and natural ecosystems.



Frankston Open Space Strategy

Legend

- Upgraded Regional Open Space
- Upgraded District Open Space
- Upgraded Community Open Space

Local, Linear, Restricted & Other Open Space Refer to Neighbourhood Recommendations for further details. Undertake a review of Other and Restricted open space to determine future partnership opportunities, management or change of use

- New Master plan, Management Plan, Landscape Plan Develop in partnership with stakeholders & management authorities
- Implement Existing Master plan, Management Plan, Landscape Plan
- Local Open Space Improvement Program Develop a park restoration and improvement program (eg. Local Park Refresh Program) for local open spaces in Carrum Downs, Skye,
- Langwarrin and Frankston that is prioritised by local population densities, growth and demand.
- Priority Upgrade

Further Investigation

Undertake further investigations including; stakeholder liaison, land use, management reviews, and analysis in order to determine the future direction of the open space

Priority Ecological Precinct

Develop partnerships to support nature based education, environmental and landscape values through existing and new management plans and programs. Improve values in open space and streets surrounding key public open space with a regional conservation focus

Coastal Precinct

Implement the Coastal Management Plan to improve regional open space along the foreshore.

Land and Open Space Under Review

Partnership Opportunities

Investigate open space improvements through future partnership opportunites and agreements.

Open Space Connections and Trails

Connect gaps, upgrade streets and trails. Implement the Pathway Development Plan and Integrated Transport Strategy. Develop a Municipal Trails Plan to support connections between Activity Centres and key open space destinations and trails. Refer to Part 2 Neighbourhood Recommendations for details.

Local Park Action Plan final adopted October, 2021.



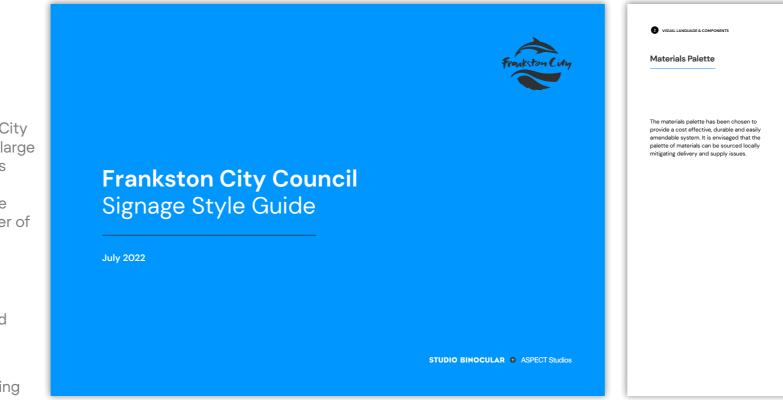
1.9 Frankston City Council Signage Style Guide

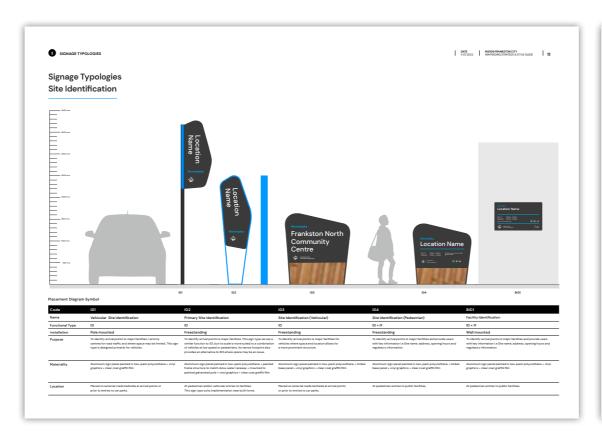
This draft document further outlines Frankston City Council's new approach to signage. Due to the large number of entry points to the Seaford Wetlands the Upgrade Plan recommends adaptation of certain signage types to accommodate multiple information types and reduce the overall number of signs.

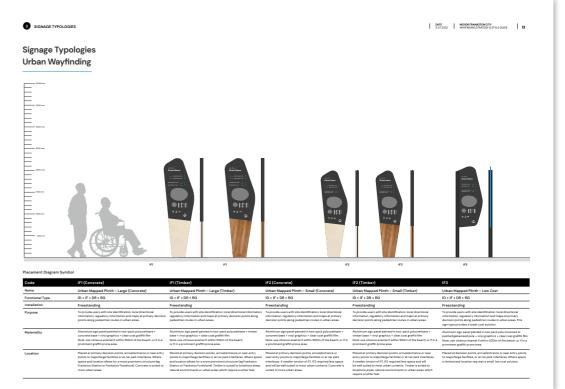
Interpretive signage will be incorporated into infrastructure where possible.

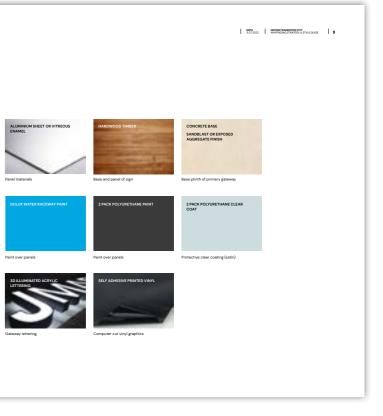
Materiality of the signs will be reviewed to avoid reversing content out of dark backgrounds.

Recommended site specific adaptations of the signage typologies are illustrated on the following page.











1.9 Frankston City Council Signage Style Guide cont.









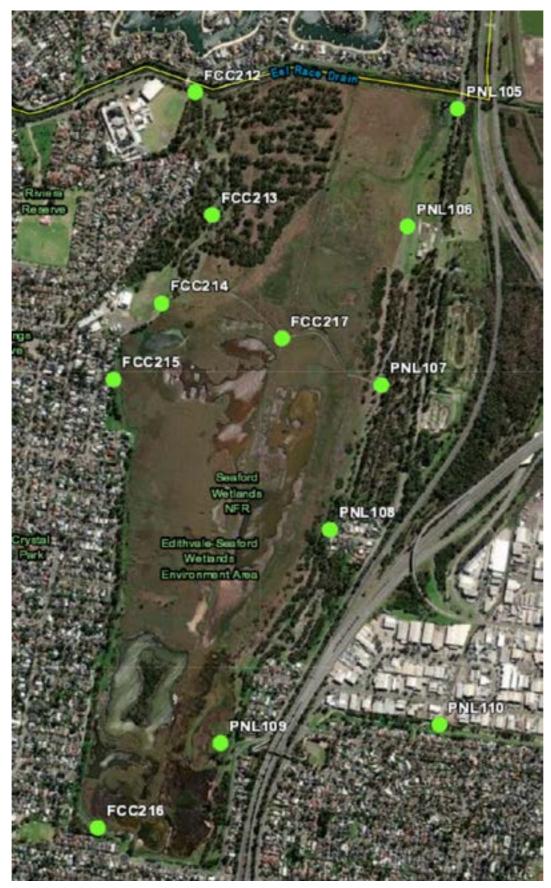


1.10 Emergency Markers

Location information challenges are particularly difficult for 'open space' locations with no set addresses such as beaches, parks and trails. Emergency markers are designed to pinpoint your exact location during an emergency in public open spaces or a hard to define places.

Emergency markers look like a street sign with white text on a green background. Each has a unique alphanumeric code made up of three letters and three numbers. This code is linked to ESTA's CAD system and specifies the location, GPS coordinates, road access route or navigational data, all of which assists the dispatch of emergency services.

Seaford Wetlands currently has 11 ESTA markers located around the site. These locations are currently detailed with FCC (Frankston City Council) and PNL (Peninsula Link) prefixes to help emergency services pinpoint locations. 10 of the 11 markers will be incorporated into the new signage system for the site. Location FCC217 in not publicly accessible and will retain it's existing form.





EMERGENCY MARKERS SIGNAGE **GUIDELINES**

SEPTEMBER - 2021





2.0 Interpretation





2.1 Interpretation and Design **Principles**

Existing management plans, strategies and the initial stage of the Seaford Wetlands Rejuvenation Project suggest the following interpretation and design principles on which this Upgrade Plan is based:

- Protect and enhance the Seaford Wetlands
- Encourage connection with the • Wetlands to increase understanding of the biocultural values
- Recognise the inherant tension between • the ecological values of the site and increased public access
- Minimise disturbance of the Wetlands. . Any built form will touch the ground lightly
- Provide opportunities for visitors to • see, hear and understand in order to overcome the physical limitations of access
- Clearly sign wayfinding and . interpretation to inform users of the significance of the Wetlands and where they are in relation to nodes, destinations and key points on the Wetlands trail
- Provide universally accessible rest and • interpretation infrastructure
- Base interpretation on the four pillars of: •
 - 1. Caring for Country
 - 2. Learning from the past
 - 3. Recognition
 - 4. World views





2.2 Interpretation **Opportunities**

Interpretation of the biocultural trail is a priority of this project.

Opportunities to enhance engagement through interpretation abound. They vary from the conventional, low-tech in the form of images and text printed on signs to the development of a site specific website developed to provide visitors with more information and engagement.

If this more comprehensive level of interpretation is required information could be accessed via QR codes printed on signage. QR codes would link the visitor with a website that may contain stories and podcasts relevant to the biocultural nature of the trail, additional images and information about rare or threatened flora and fauna, or access to Augmented Reality (AR) programs.

The Augmented Reality programs for the Wetlands would provide visitors with virtual imagery and animation overlaid on to the environment and accessed through a smart phones, ipad or similar device. It could, for example, allow visitors to virtually 'see' and 'hear' rare nesting birds when they focus their smart phone at a particular location.





2.3 Interpretation Framework

The interpretation framework offers visitors to the Seaford Wetlands ways of engaging with ecological and cultural stories and features of the area through passive, active and peoplecentred interpretation. Interpretation will be accessed on wayfinding and dedicated interpretation signs around the trail.

The three nodes for key interventions provide places to be 'quiet and listen to Country' and to explore the cultural and ecological values identified by Bunurong, recent ecological studies, classifications and Ramsar delegation. The nodes have been identified with an awareness of the proximity of residential areas, large areas of relatively isolated open space and of course, aim for minimal disruption to the delicate nature of the Wetlands.

Interpretation within each node will recognise the general nature and biocultural values of the Wetlands as well as the specific nature of users, location, outlook and opportunities for that site. Detailed content will be developed in the next project stage based on the attached framework and on an understanding of potential visitors' interests gained from the Frankston Council's engagement process.

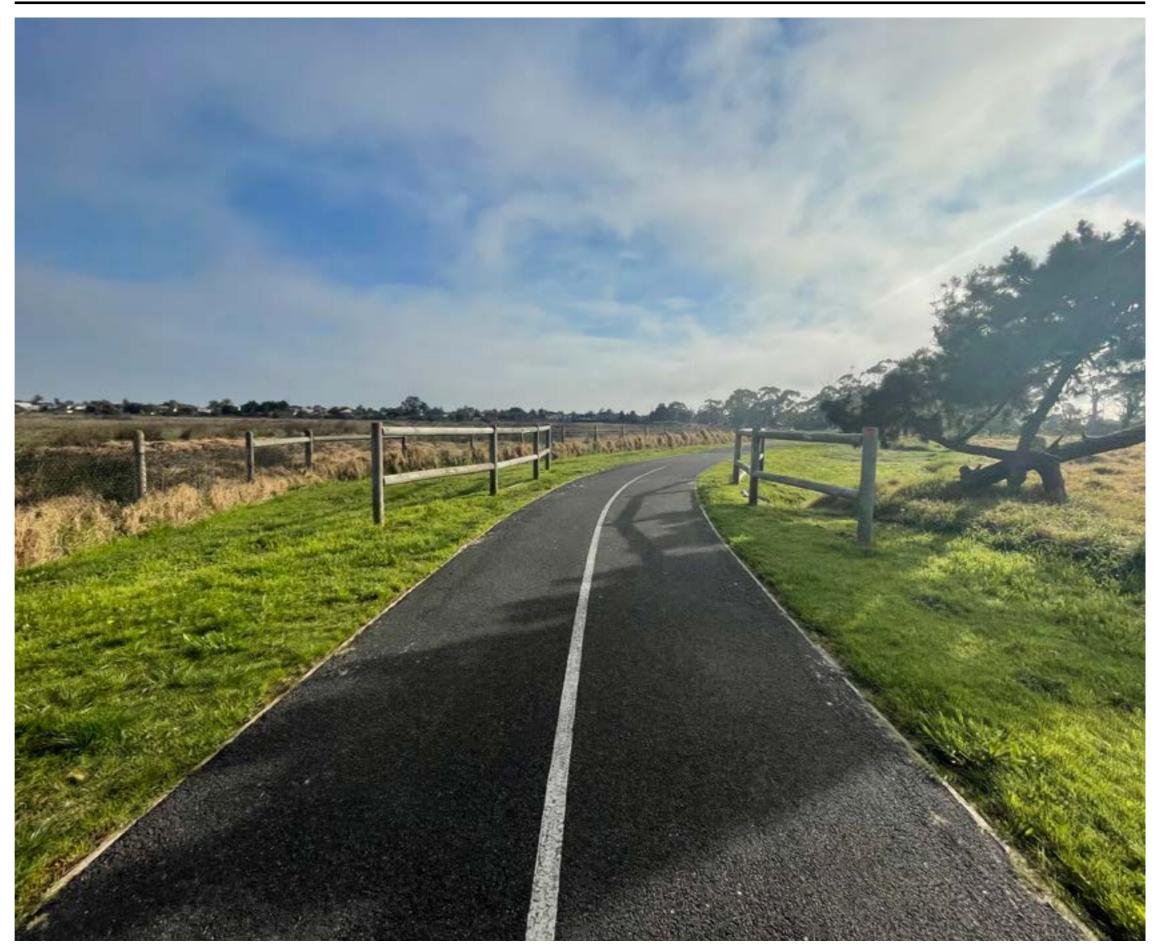
Location	Flora	Fauna	Culture	Interpretive Focus	Interpretive Technique
General/non	The Wetlands contain	The Wetlands support	People	Caring for Country	Interpretive signage
site specific	representative, rare, or unique example of a natural or near-natural wetland type. The distribution and occurrence of Ecologi- cal Vegetation Classes (EVCs) is in a constant state of flux primarily re- sponding to water levels and salinity.	vulnerable, endangered, or critically endangered species or threatened ecological communities. Their significance has been recognised by des- ignation under the Ramsar convention.	The Wetlands represent physical and spiritual land- scapes, provide evidence of significant material culture and are an important place for Bunurong people to teach and learn about this place and their culture	Learning from the past Recognition World views - The Ramsar convention, Conservation and biodiversity principles and tools. Opportunities for Bunurong and community artworks/ sculptural elements	Interpretive technology accessed through QR codes linked to site spe- cific and remote website and Augmented Reality. Consider interpretative programs associated wi community and voluntee activities.
North			Place	MZ3	Minimal physical interpre
Lowyeeung			The nature and use of Lowy-		tation or intervention.
			eeung as a resource intense cultural hub		Focus on education and gathering space
			Demonstrate how people make use of their environ- ment, and how it can provide evidence of cultural practices and act as repositories for cultural knowledge.		Identification sign includ ing QR code which bring up Augmented Reality environment. Augmente Reality response could include 4 pillars eg
			Use of plants for tools, games and medicine		Elder – Welcome to Country
					Elder – Describing sig- nificance and nature of Lowyeeung
					Focus on plants and the tools and games made from specific plants en- demic to the area
					Focus on Fauna – identif cation and significance o use of particular birds
South (Austin Rd) On the wing		Focus on identification and characteristics of globally important bird populations such as:	Present understandings of how people interact with the environment.	MZ4/MZ1	Interpretive panel in- tegrated into renewed lookout including QR code which brings up Af environment.
		· Chestnut Teal			
		• Blue-billed Duck			Identify specific birds, their characteristics, rar
		• Australasian Bittern			ty etc.
		• Sharp-tailed Sand- piper			



Location	Flora	Fauna	Culture	Interpretive Focus	Interpretive Technique
West (Catron St) Food and tools	evident from this location	Bird habitats - mosaic of deeper water, tall marsh, deeper saline ponds im- portant for all wetland bird species.	Traditional use of plants and animals	MZ 3/MZ1	Passive recreation and quiet area. Local community focus



3.0 Site Analysis

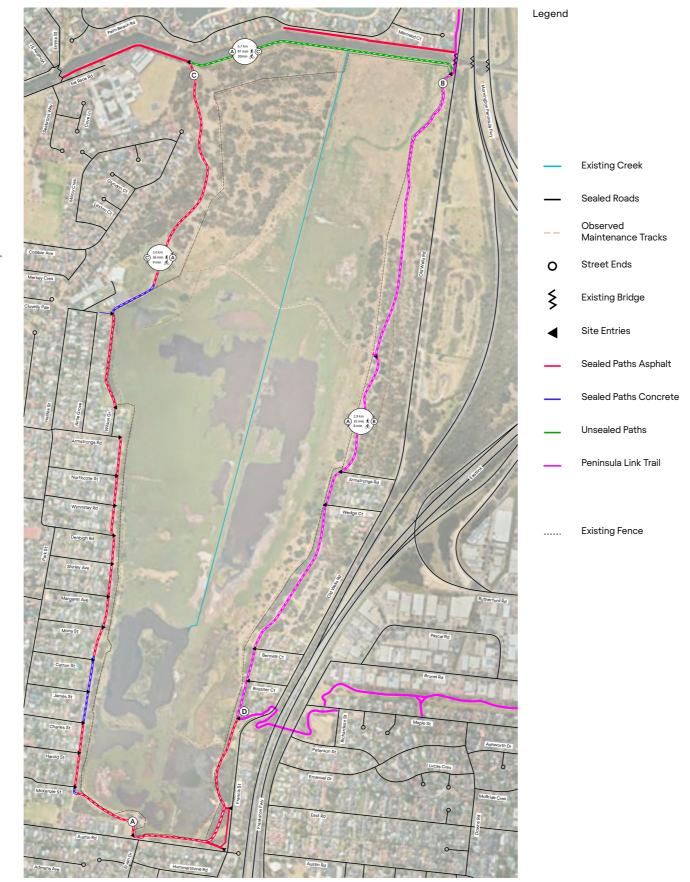


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3.1 **Bicycle and Pedestrian** Circulation

This diagram articulates the various pedestrian and cycle paths which intersect and traverse the Seaford Wetlands site. It helps to define locations of proposed signage. Three key points of entry demarcated as A, B, and C, define site circulation, with average distances of 3kms, cycle times of 8 mins, and walking times of 20 mins between nodes.





Draft Frankston Integrated Transport Strategy 1 August 2022

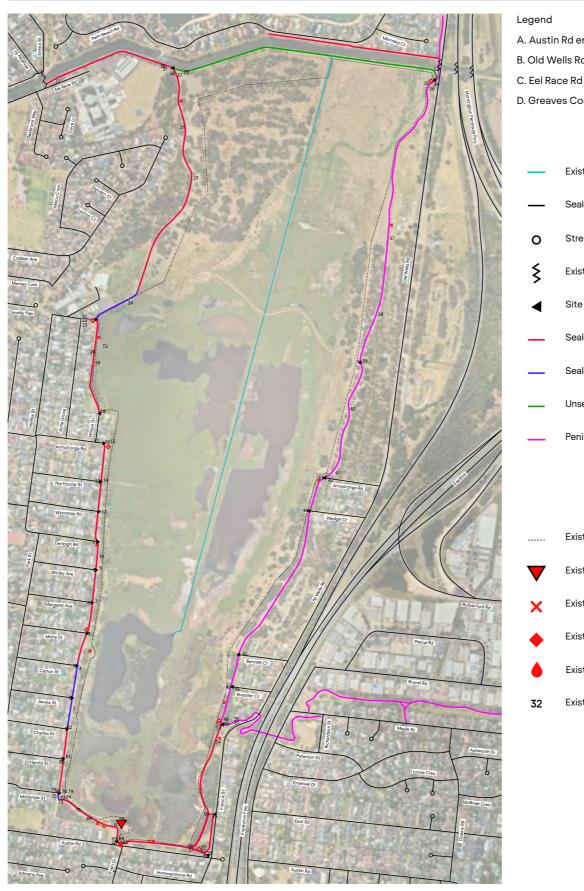


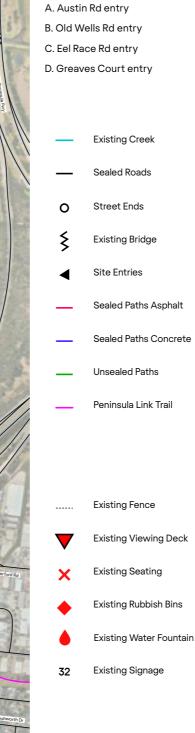
3.2 **Existing Conditions -**Interpretation, Signage and Infrastructure

This diagram locates the existing facilities, amenities, and signage distributed through the Seaford Wetlands site. Assessment of the signage and infrastructure indicates that signage is over saturated and inconsistent, seating is in poor condition and of inconsistent placement, amenities such as public toilets and water fountains are very scarce, and visitation infrastructure such as viewing decks are approaching the end of their functional lifecycle.

The biocultural significance of the Seaford Wetlands is currently poorly interpreted. Signage is uni-dimensional, degraded, uncoordinated and not engaging.

The propositions of this Upgrade Plan accommodate a variety of interpretive techniques, from human story telling to artworks, signage and simple technological interventions. Interpretation integrated into viewing platforms and focal nodes will increase legibility and accessibility.

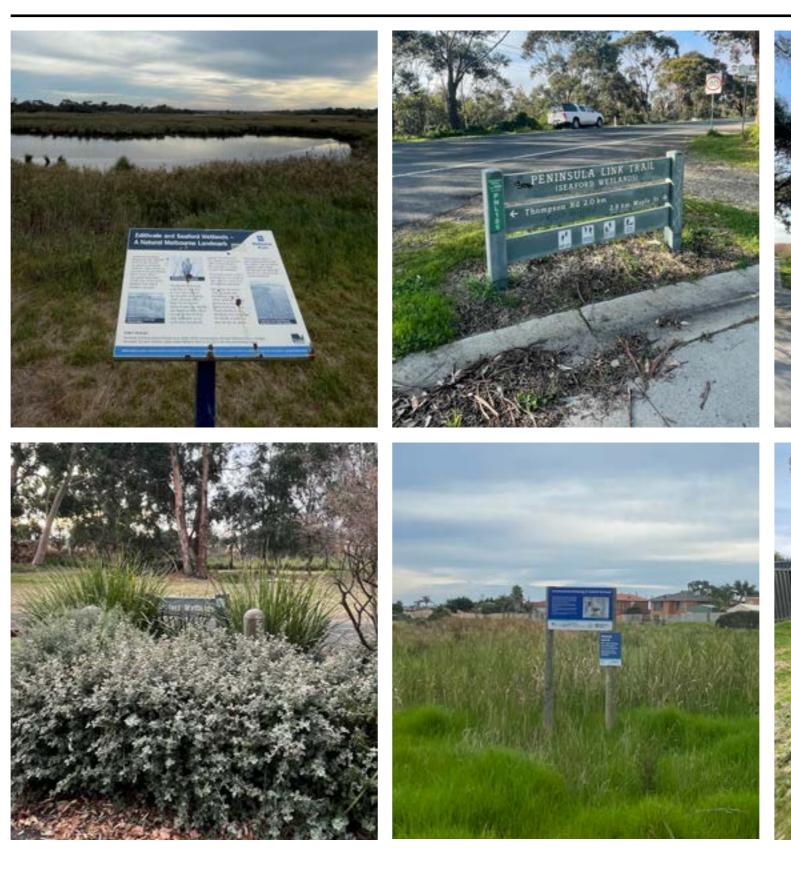






3.2 Existing Conditions – Signage and Interpretation

- Interpretive signage virtually non-existent
- Lack of coherent identity of place, focus appears on identity of ownership
- Multiple ownership (Frankston City/Melbourne Water/ Peninsula Link/ State Government)
- Inconsistency of form, scale and materiality
- Inconsistency of typography and colour
- Inconsistency of location/placement







3.2 Existing Conditions – Infrastructure

- Seating of inconsistent make and poor condition (weathered and vandalised)
- Non-compliant DDA access to seating and picnic settings
- Irregular and informal distribution of seating elements
- Scarce amenity only one public toilet on Down's estate land, and one drinking fountain
- Scarcity of waste and recycling units, direct correlation of waste found throughout site
- Viewing platform towards end of lifecycle







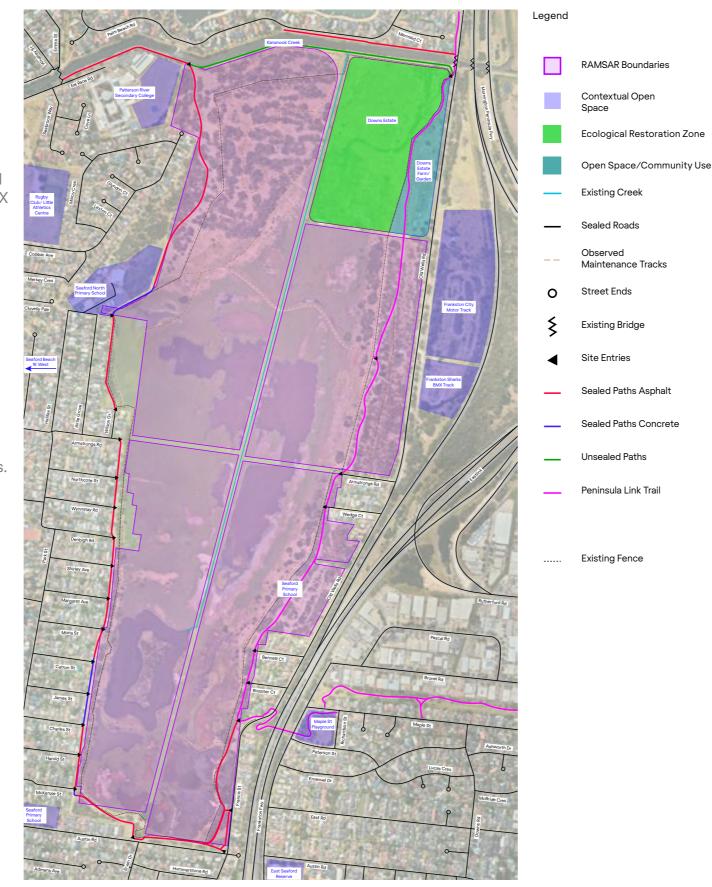




3.3 Surrounding Context & **Open Space**

This diagram demonstrates the contextual makeup of surrounding conditions to the Seaford Wetlands site. Key public open spaces encompass small local parks and destinational sports facilities such as BMX and motor cross tracks. Most notably, there are a high number of primary and secondary schools to the perimeter and immediate context of site.

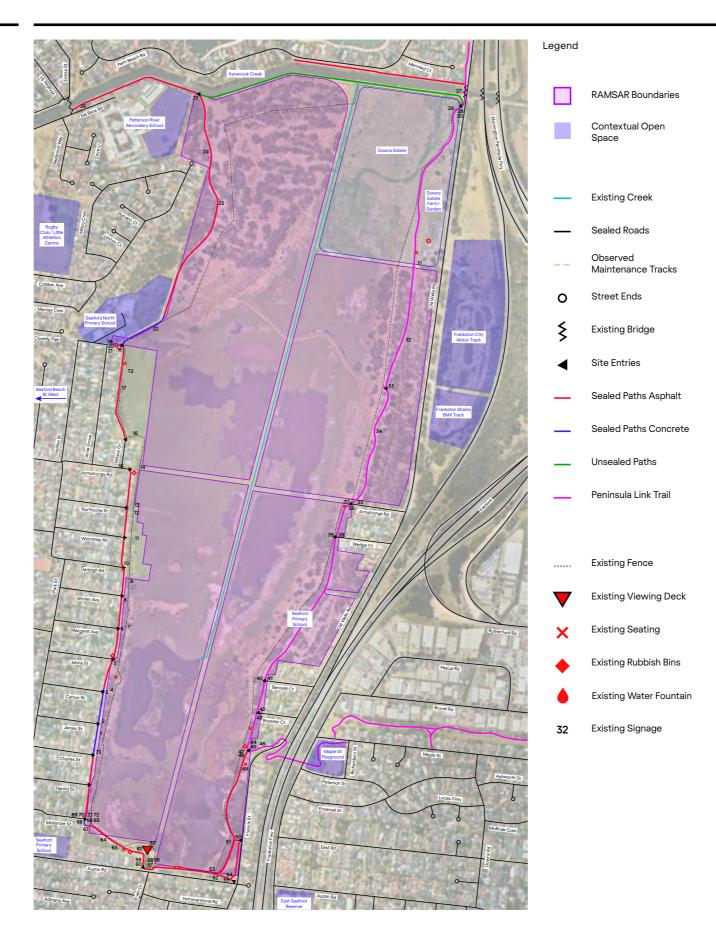
School groups are key users of the Wetlands. The students of Patterson River Secondary College currently use the area around the Wetlands and adjacent to teh school for science, environmental and culturally related activities. Programs and activities which focus on the biocultural aspects of the area are expected to increase over the coming years. The school grounds and sports facilities support the Wetlands by providing something of a buffer between the built up areas and the Wetlands.





3.4 Edge Conditions -**Ramsar Boundaries**

This diagram articulates the Seaford Wetlands official RAMSAR boundaries, as to interrogate the various edge conditions and intersections with existing infrastructure and ecological areas.





3.5 Seaford Wetlands **Rejuvenation Project Engagement Report**

In the initial stage of this project, Frankston Council asked the local community for their opinion of ways to improve and enhance the Seaford Wetlands. Respondents were generally regular users of the Wetlands who visit for a variety of reasons including:

. walking

- . appreciating nature and scenic views
- . cycling
- . relaxing
- . running
- . dog-walking and
- . bird watching

The community confirmed its desire to prioritise the area as a natural reserve with high ecological values and for all works to comply with the Ramsar Management Plan.

Community engagement identified a preference for the form and placement of a new pedestrian bridge to 'close the loop' of the biocultural trail and the location of the shared use path. The community also identified infrastructure for inclusion in planning for the biocultural trail. Requested infrastructure includes:

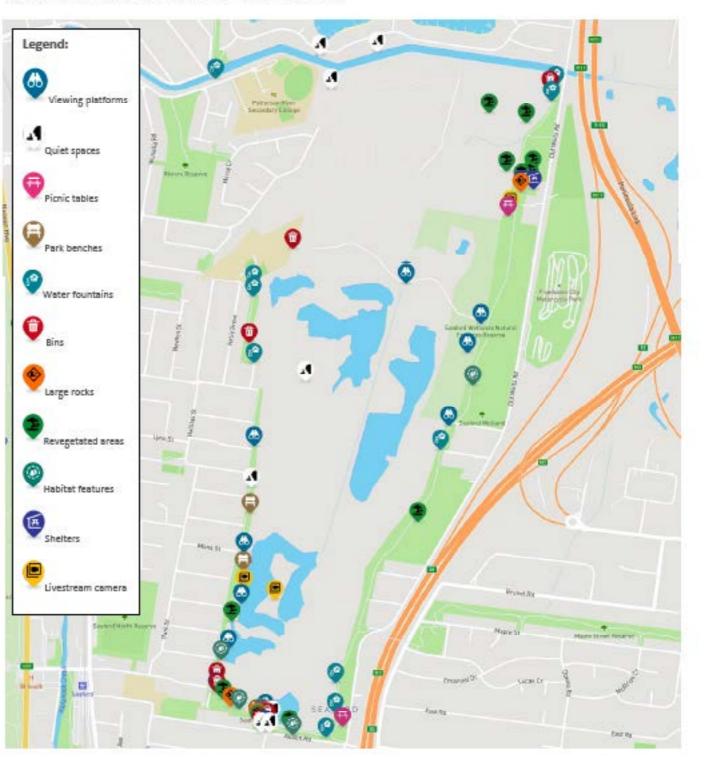
- . viewing platforms
- . quiet spaces
- . picnic tables
- . park benches
- . water fountains
- . bins
- . large rocks
- . revegetated areas
- . habitat features
- . shelters and
- . livestream camera

Some of the works identified by the community such as revegetation and habitat features are outside the scope of this project. Others, such as shelters, viewing platforms, quiet spaces, seating infrastructure and other amenities have been assessed in relation to the interpretation and design principles articulated in section 2.1 of this report and primarily incorporated into recommendations for the development of three distinct nodes around the site. The nodes are intended to be focal points for infrastructure, amenity and biocultural interpretation of the Wetlands. Each is considered in further detail in this Plan.

The livestream camera has been assessed as infeasible and an alternative, augmented reality interpretation proposed instead.

Question 4—Where would you like to see upgraded facilities?

Map showing all posts contributed online and in-person:







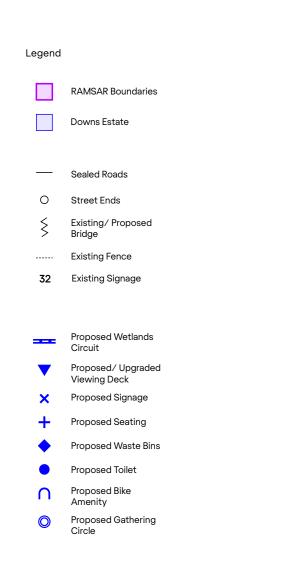
4.0 Upgrade Plan Elements





4.1 Key Interventions

Wayfinding and interpretive signage has been prioritised as an outcome of this Upgrade Plan. Additionally, three nodes which will be focal points for infrastructure, amenity and biocultural interpretation have been identified for consideration. These nodes further function in conjunction with concurrent works to the north bank of Kananook Creek.







1. SOUTH NODE - AUSTIN RD LOOKOUT UPGRADE (SITE FOR CONSIDERATION)

- New viewing platform
- Update signage
- Waste bins, and revised seating
- Drinking fountain
- New strategy for educational activation
- · Interpretive focus On the Wing. Birdlife in the Wetlands
- Additional consideration of a public toilet at this location



3. NORTH NODE - NORTHERN GATHERING PLACE (SITE FOR CONSIDERATION)

- Establish a space for traditional owners to facilitate ceremonial and community engagement on site
- Gentle activation for a location removed from the path and immersed in the Wetlands
- Potential for school education focus
- Interpretive focus Lowyeeng. People and Cultural Significance of the Place

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2. WEST NODE - CATRON ST UPGRADE (SITE FOR CONSIDERATION)

- Formalize and re-envision established lookout
- Drinking fountain
- Provide a suitable activation and passive recreation focus for the residential half of site
- Interpretive focus Food and tools. Plants and birdlife of the Wetlands



4.2 South Node Austin Rd Lookout Upgrade (for consideration)







- 01 Shared User pathway aligned to provide sinuous curve and seperate maintenance vehicles from bicyles and pedestrians.
- Consider all amenities (DDA accessible) toilet 02 and amenities block with rain water tanks.
- 03 Bicycle racks, upgraded drinking fountain and bins located near to the amenity block
- O4Raised viewing platform, up to 2.5m high with
DDA compliant access switch back 1:14 ramps
- Garden beds with native plants in front of the 05 platform to set visitors back from the fence line.
- 06 Interpretive signage incorporated into the viewing platform (Type INT)
- 07 Mapped open space plinth signage (Type PIF1)
- Site identification pedestrian signage 08 (Type ID4)
- 09 Consider improved accessible carparking





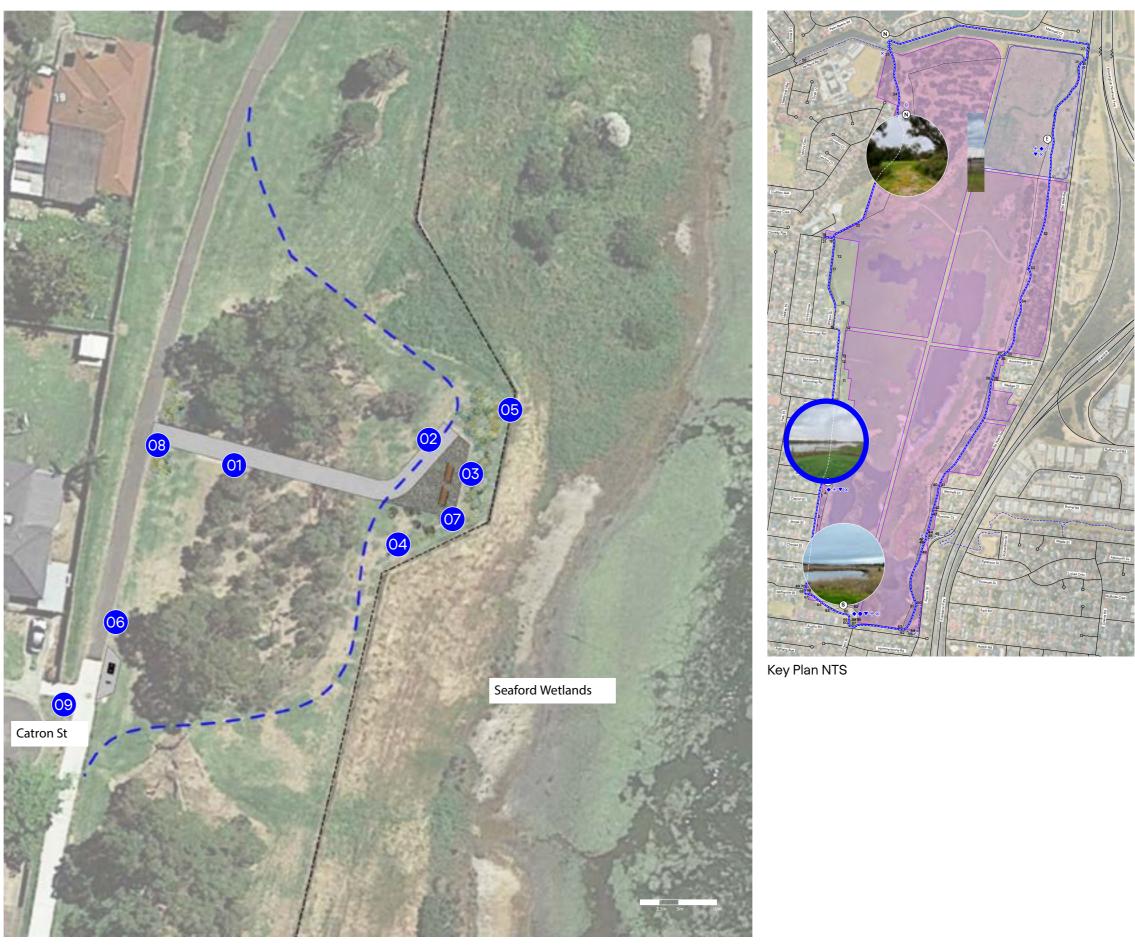
4.3 West Node, Catron St Lookout Upgrade (for consideration)







- All accessible and DDA compliant pathway 01 access.
- 02 Allowance for minimum for a wheelchairs to turn around at end.
- 03 Seat with back and arms rest
- 04 Rockwork or timber used as landscape edging
- 05 Garden beds with low native planting in front of the fence line.
- 06 Waste and recycling units located at the end of Catron Street and signage.
- 07 Interpretive signage VR binoculars (Type INT)
- 08 Mapped open space plinth signage (Type PIF1) and drinking fountain
- 09 Directional totem with side panel (Type PDR3)
- I Possible alternative path alignment



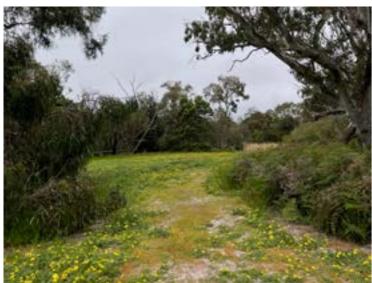
Seaford Wetlands Rejuvenation Project - Draft Signage and Facilities Upgrade Plan 2023



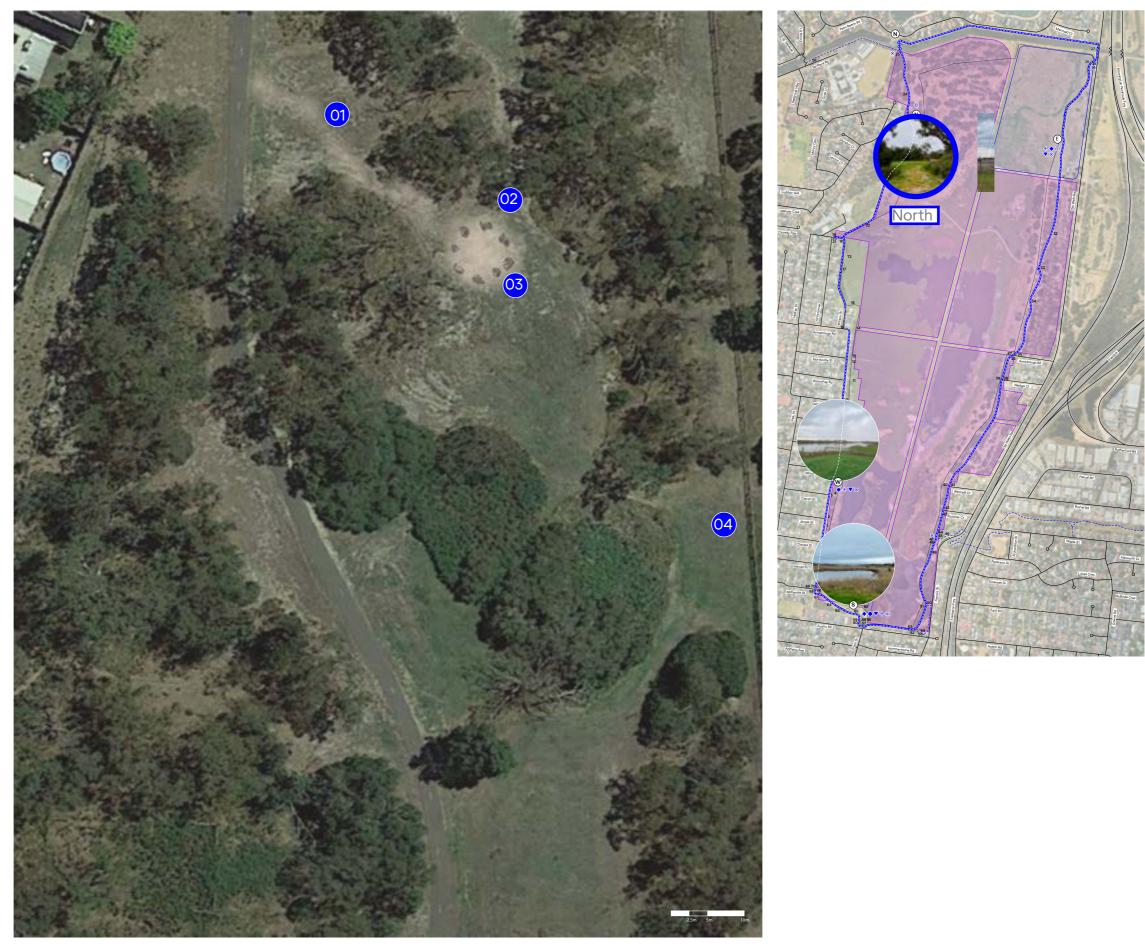
4.4 North Node Northern Gathering Place (for consideration)





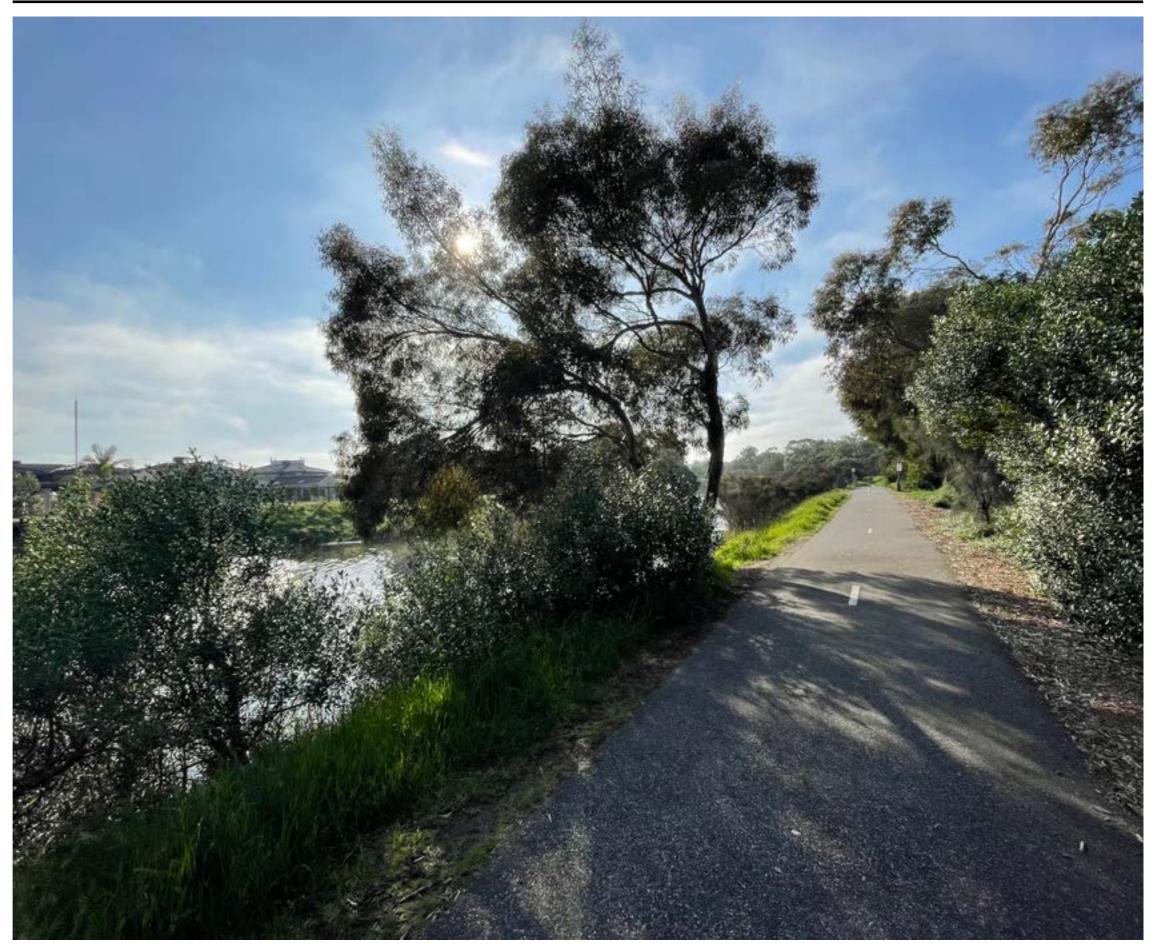


- 01 Unmarked walking route pedestrian, access is along existing desire lines
- O2 Circular shaped seating node, say 5m wide to accommodate the gathering of small groups. Minimal clearing to provide a clear and level ground.
- 03 Natural stone units or large recycled timber to frame meeting circle as informal seating elements.
- 04 Additional interpretive signage adjacent to the Wetlands and distant from the gathering place





5.0 Wetlands Signage (priority for funding)





5.1 Locations and Types

This diagram locates proposed consolidated signage based on the signage types identified in the draft Frankston City Council Signage Style Guide September 2022.

53 new signs to be added (4 of which proposed as Stage 2).





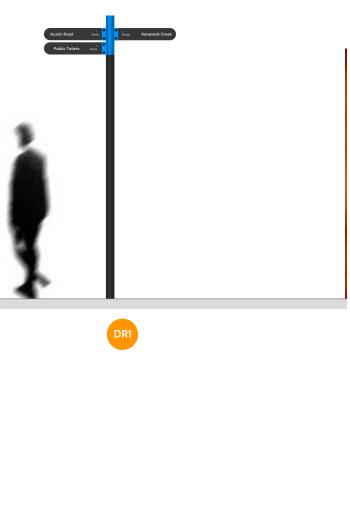
5.2 Application of Signage Style Guide

Proposed signage types for the Seaford Wetlands based on the draft Frankston City Council Signage Style Guide September 2022.

Note: PIF2 is only recommended as a replacement for PIF1 if value management is required





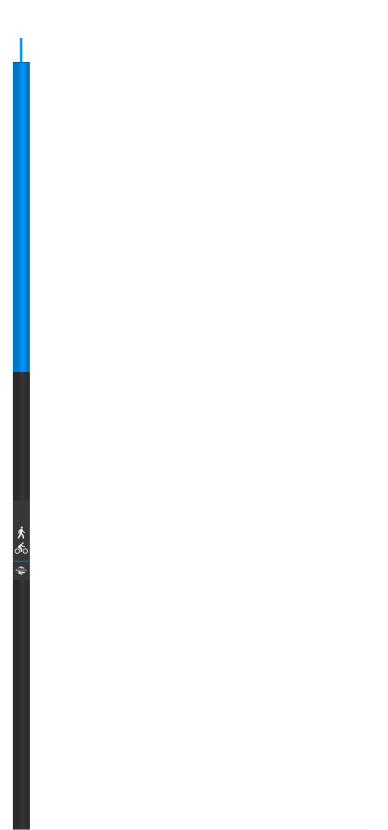




DI	D2
F I	ν_{z}

Site Identification (Pedestrian) Site Main Entries

4000 mm 3500 mm Seaford Wetlands 3000 mm Lowyeeung 2500 mm wikston Lid 2000 mm 1500 mm 1000 mm

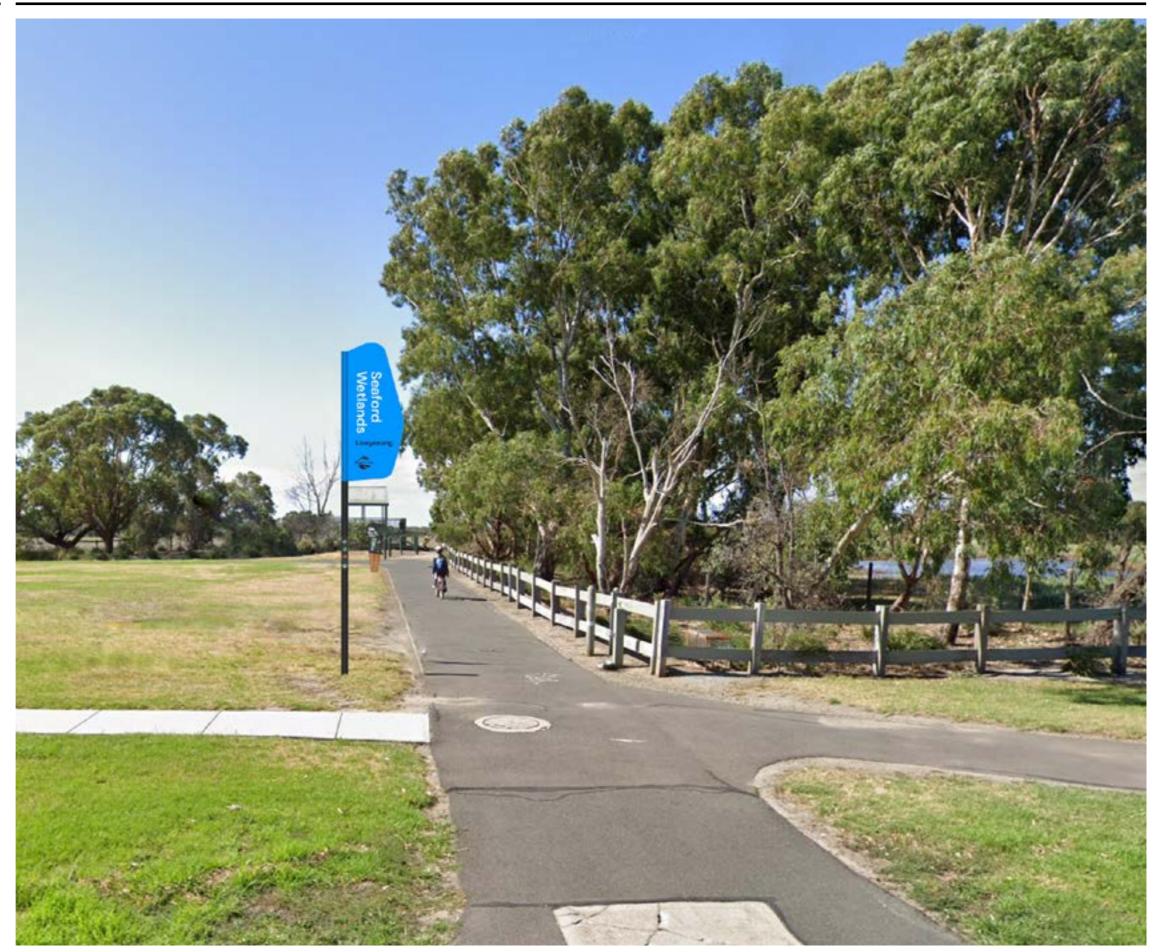




PID2

Site Identification (Pedestrian)

Austin Road Entry

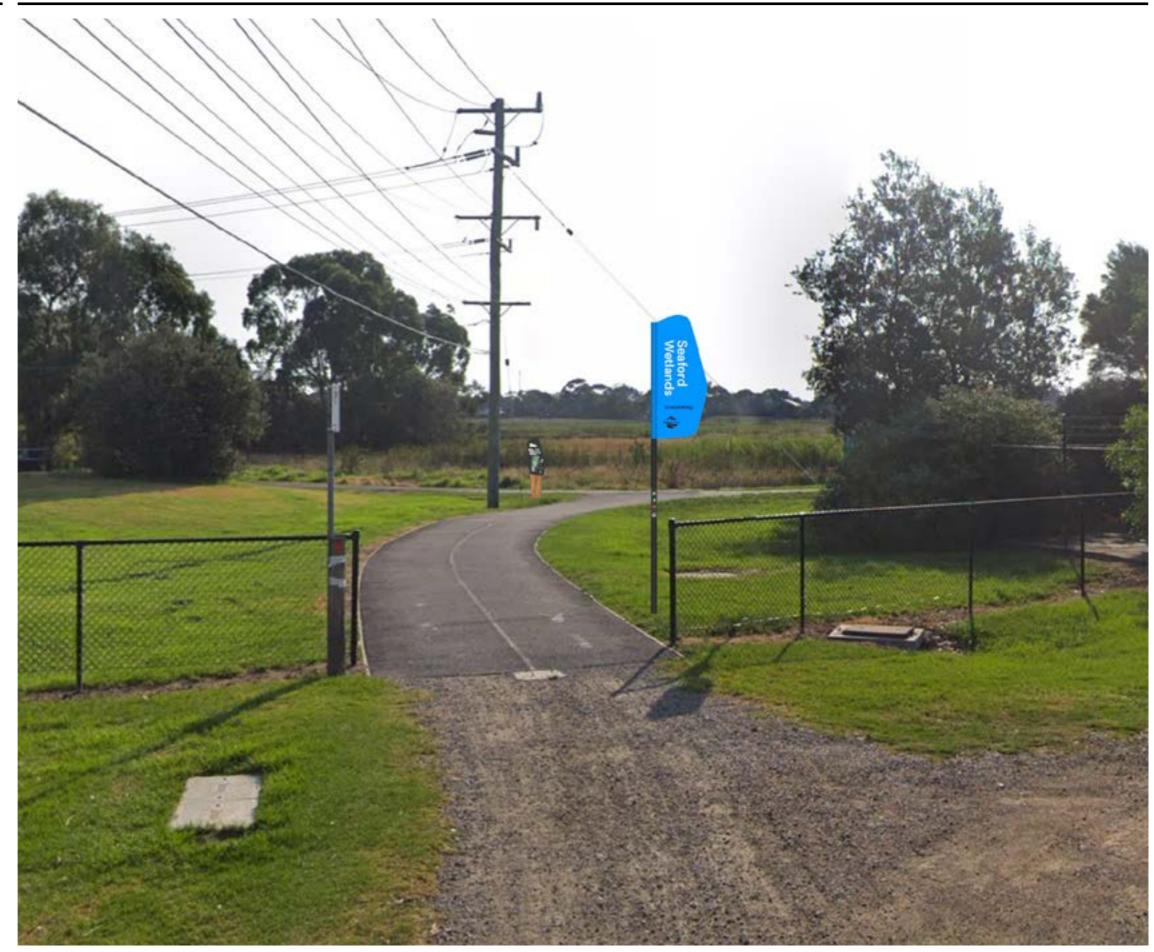




PID2

Site Identification (Pedestrian)

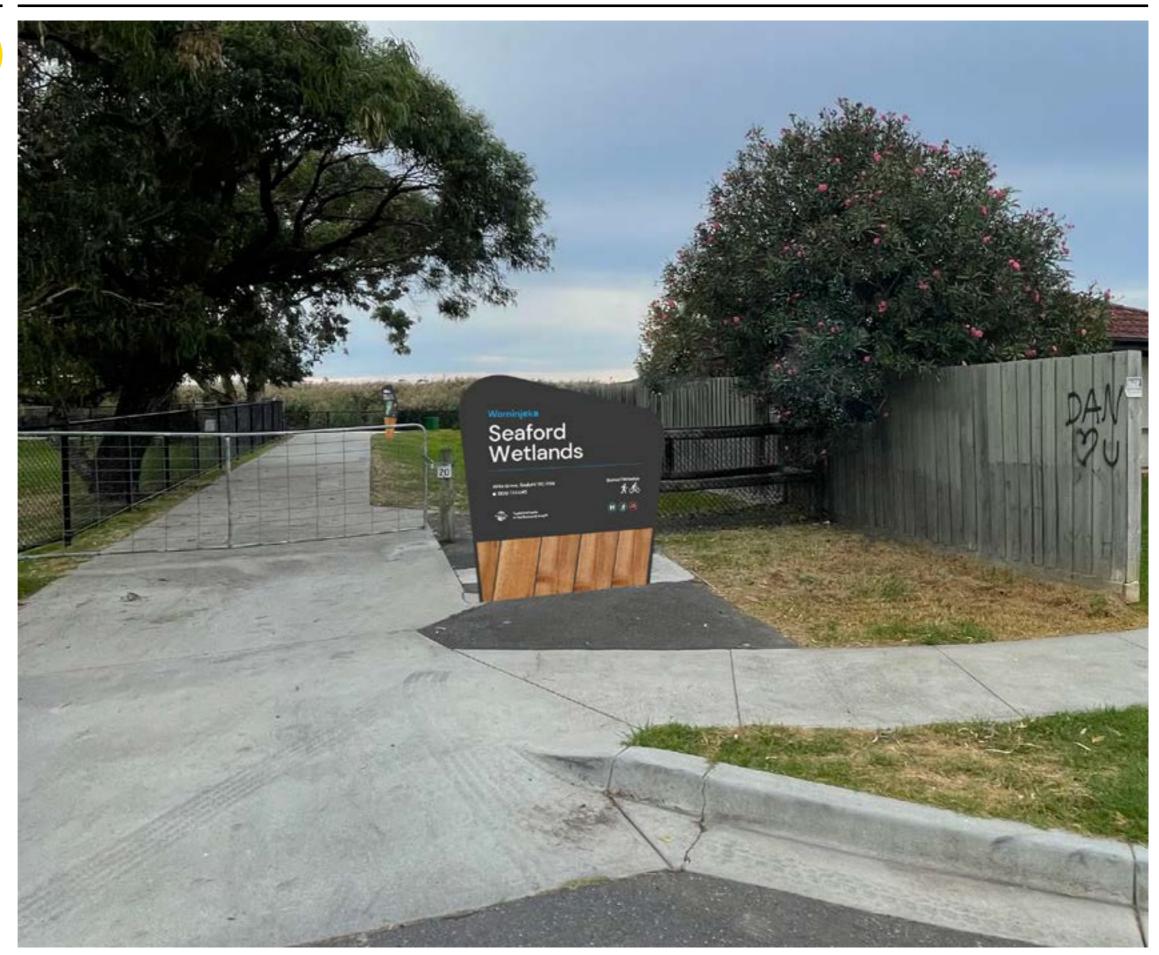
Greaves Court Entry





ID4 -Site Identification (Pedestrian)

Airlie Grove Entry





Mapped Open Place Plinth

Site Main Entries / Key navigation points

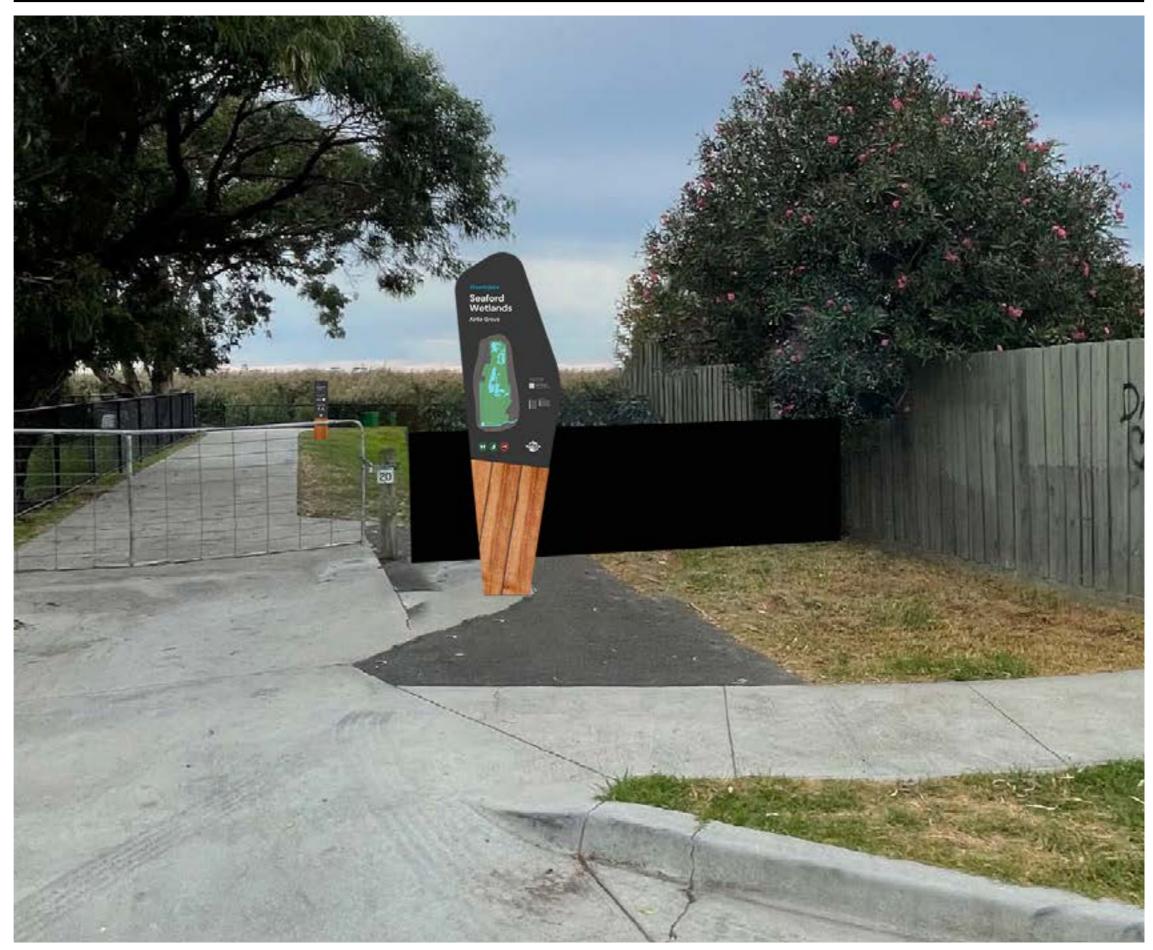






Mapped Open Place Plinth

Airlie Grove Entry





Mapped Open Place Plinth

East Interpretive Location Catron Street





Mapped Open Place Plinth

Greaves Court Entry / Peninsula Link Trail Entry





Mapped Open Place Plinth

Kananook Creek new Bridge





Mapped Open Place Plinth

Kananook Creek new Bridge

Note: PIF2 is only recommended as a replacement for PIF1 if value management is required





PDR3

Directional Totem with side panel

Site Directional / Site Secondary Entries

Options with Emergency Markers





top view



PDR3

Directional Totem with side panel

Street Entry



Seaford Wetlands Rejuvenation Project – Draft Signage and Facilities Upgrade Plan 2023





Directional Totem with side panel

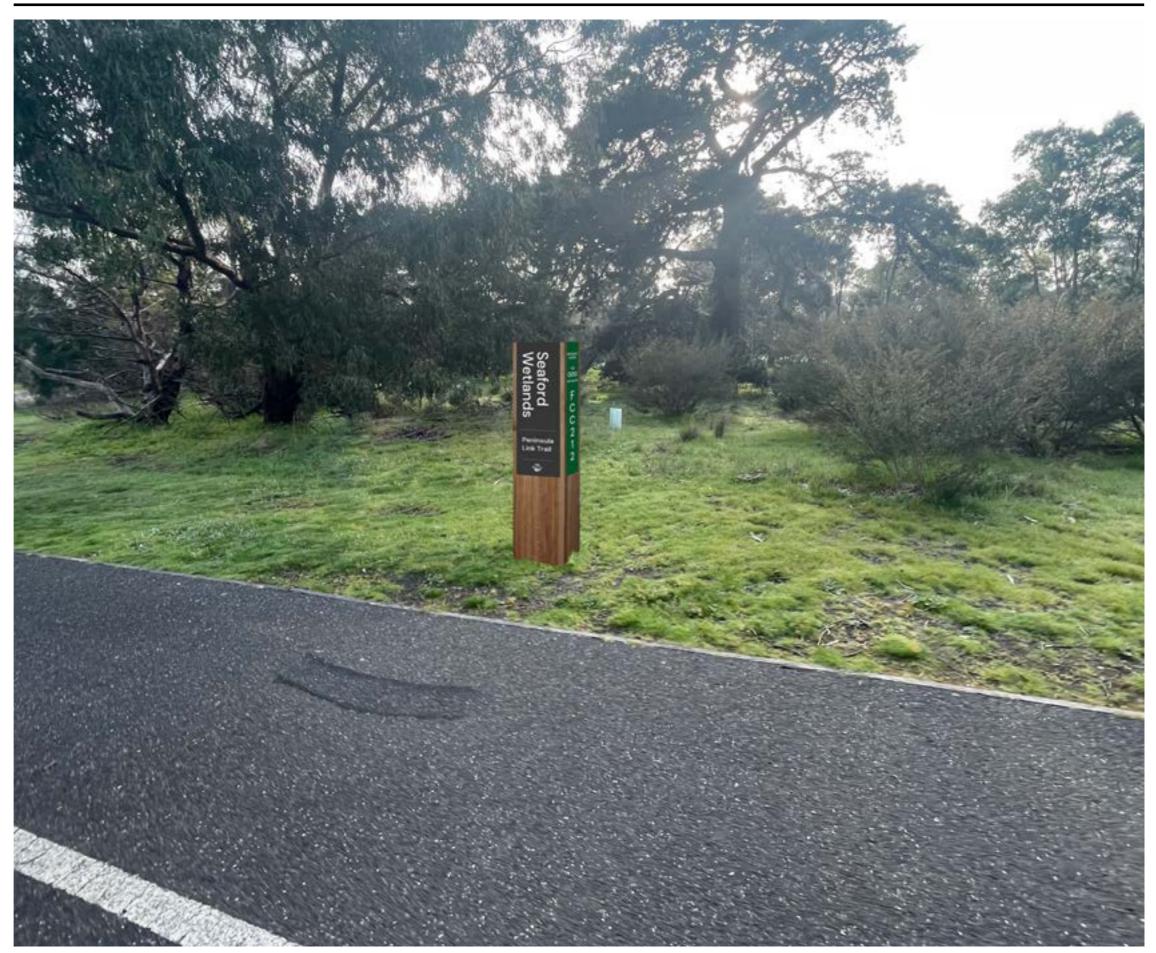
with Emergency Marker





PDR3 – Directional Totem PDR3 Option with side panel

with Emergency Marker

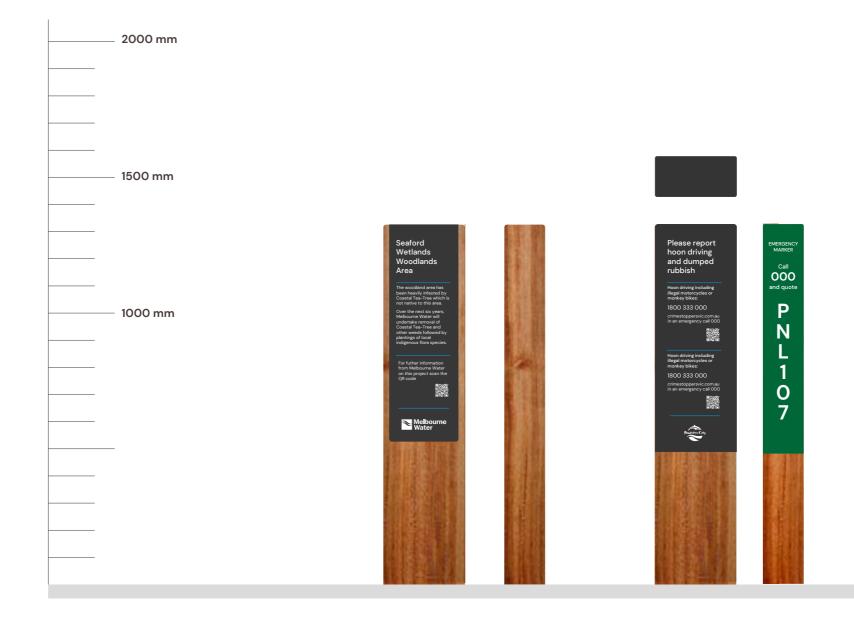




INF – Instructional Information Signage



Site wide application where City of Frankston or Melbourne Water have communication requirements







INF

Instructional Information Signage

with Emergency Marker

Site wide application where City of Frankston or Melbourne Water have communication requirements







Instructional Information Signage

with Emergency Marker

Site wide application where City of Frankston or Melbourne Water have communication requirements





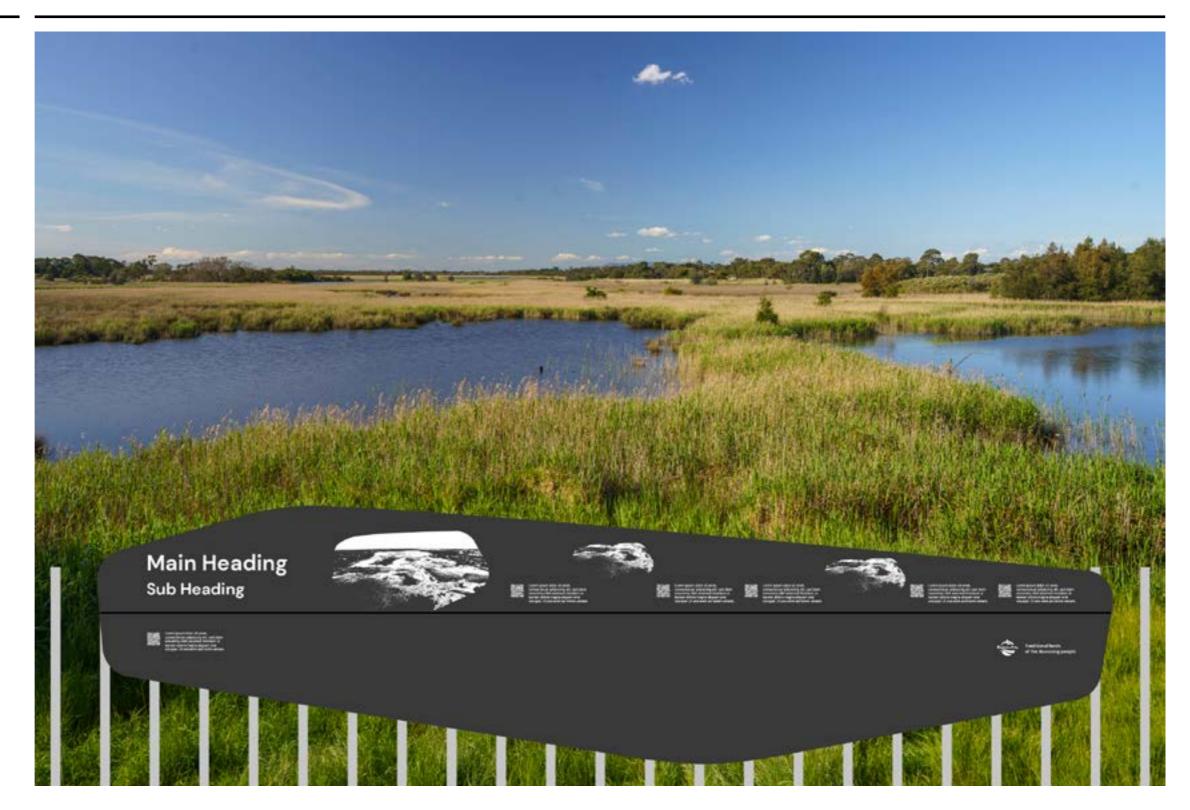
Interpretive signage Balustrade fixed





Interpretive signage Balustrade fixed

Austin Road application mock up





Interpretive signage (Ground)





Interpretive signage (Ground)

Lookout interpretive signage mockup Catron Street



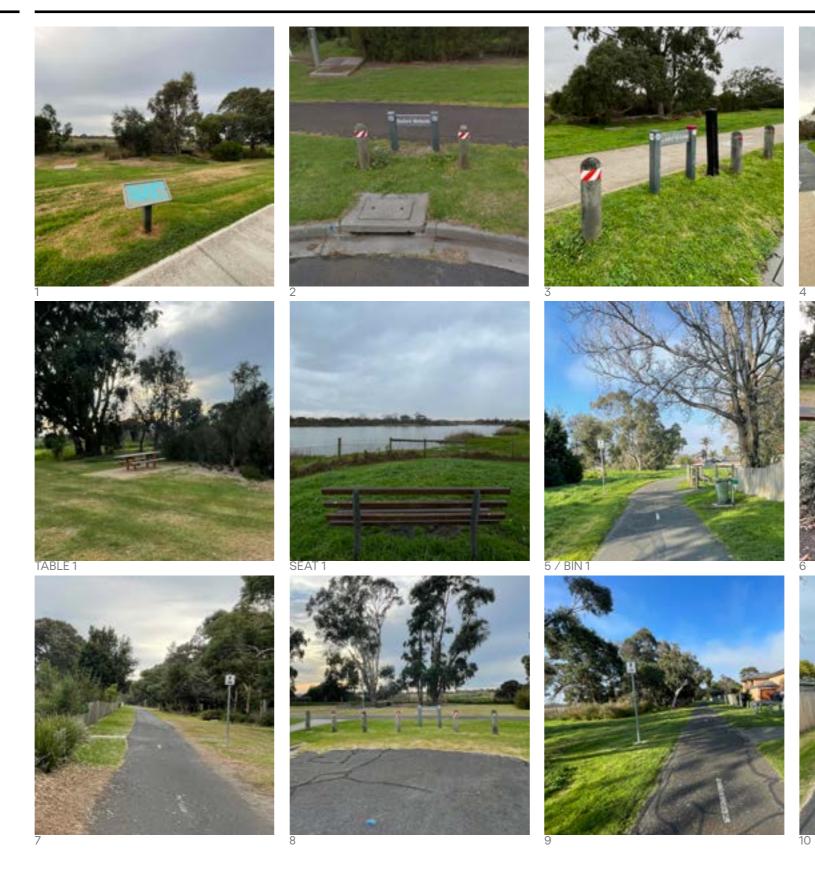


Appendix 1 -Existing conditions - signage - furniture

- infrastructure















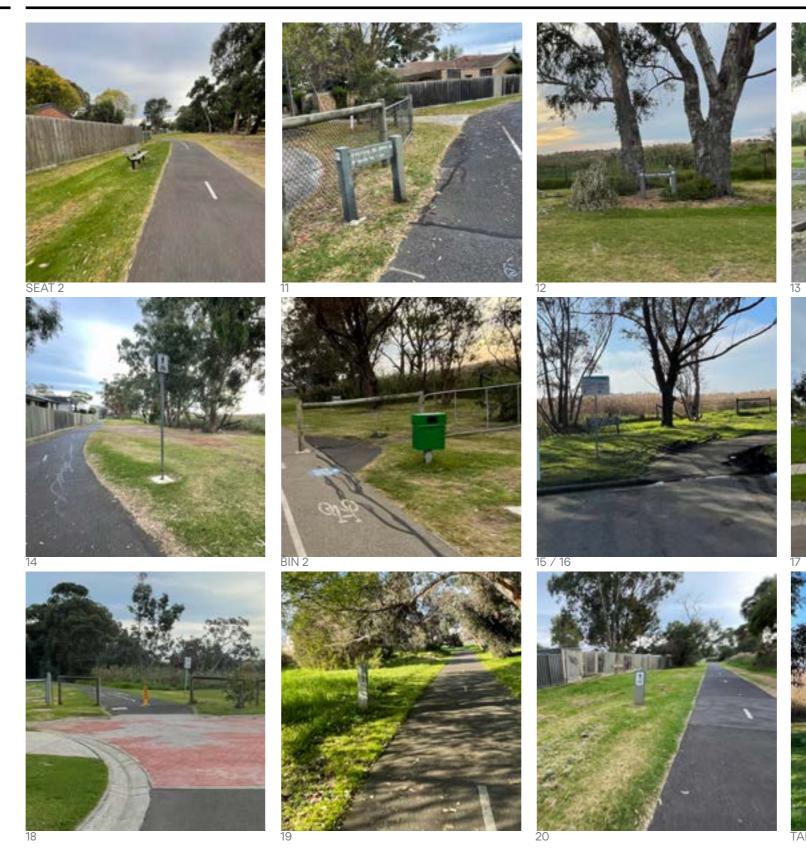








TABLE 2



Appendix 1 Existing conditions – signage – furniture













01.2023















72 / 73 / 74 / 75



76 / 77

78 / 79



80 / 81